

103 - S4

SALES: METRICS MONITORING



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# 4: Sales Metrics Monitoring Module Objectives

By the end of this module:

- Participants will know what a sales metric is and be able to identify 4
- Participants will know the difference between sales metrics and KPI's
- Participants will know what a CRM tool is and how to utilise one



Module S5

**Pre-Assignment: 30 minutes** 

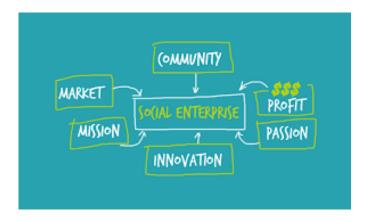
How do you know if your social enterprise is successful?

Think of ways you can measure this?





Before you launch your social enterprise you must know how to measure your success, and track if you are reaching your targets and goals.



In small businesses, and many start ups, the most common business measurements are that of the rise and fall of **cash flow**, the number of **customers** being reached, and the cost of **overheads**.



The fundamental starting point of measuring success is to start thinking in *metrics*.

To effectively measure progress, it is vital that you have clear, strategic metrics, and strong data collecting, and reporting tools.

Without the numbers, you are merely making assumptions. Tracking metrics data is a conditional measurement requiring constant and consistent attention.





Setting measurable targets is an excellent way to monitor your growth. .

Metrics isn't just about sales and revenue, it is also about monitoring your own goals and tracking progress, while providing other critical business insights.

Think about what you are trying to achieve with your social enterprise.

https://www.socialenterprise.org.uk/what-is-it-all-about/

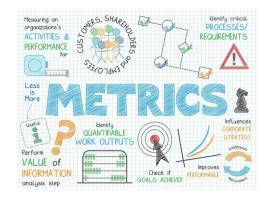




Social enterprises are businesses that are changing the world for the better. Like traditional businesses they aim to make a profit but it's what they do with their profits that sets them apart – reinvesting or donating them to create positive social change. Social enterprises are in our communities and on our high streets – from coffee shops and cinemas, to pubs and leisure centres, banks and bus companies.

https://youtu.be/Ly1xnf6Kx\_s

https://www.socialenterprise.org.uk/what-is-it-all-about/





Economy

of social enterprises are under five years old



of social enterprises 44% grew their turnover over the last year



made a profit or broke even last year



of social enterprises 66% introduced a new product or service in the last year



Society

of social enterprises are led by women



of social enterprises said 72% that they were a Living Wage employer



**31%** 

of social enterprises have directors from Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic backgrounds



of social enterprises 22% operate in the most deprived areas of the UK



**Environmental** 

84%



of social enterprises believe that buying products that are socially responsible and environmentally friendly is as important - or more important - than cost

20%



of social enterprises are addressing the climate emergency as part of their core social/

67%



of social enterprises have or plan to embed tackling climate change/climate emergency into their constitution/articles of association



#### Sales Metrics vs Sales KPIs.

It can be easy to confuse Sales Metrics as simply KPIs but think back to school geometry when you discovered that all squares are parallelograms, but not all parallelograms are squares.

Time to apply that to business - why? Because, essentially, KPIs and metrics have a similar relationship. All KPIs are metrics, but not all metrics are KPIs.

KPI's = Metrics



Sales Metrics vs. Sales KPIs.

Whist related, sales metrics and key performance indicators (KPIs) are not the same.

Sales metrics measure the sales-related performance and activities of an individual, team or company over a period of time.

KPIs is a type of metric used to measure performance against strategic goals.

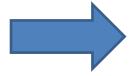
https://www.brightgauge.com/blog/underst anding-kpis-and-metrics



Sales performance metrics are data points that can help you to see if what you are doing is working.

Performance metrics are generally used to make organisations more effective and improve the "I'm interested in what you do" to the "I'm in".









#### **Pipeline metrics**

Pipeline metrics, show how many people are moving through your sales/engagement process. Pipeline metrics include:

Open rates
Close rates
Win rates
Average deal size
Opportunity to win rate
Deal close rates



https://www.ringcentral.com/us/en/blog/sal es-metrics-small-business/



#### **Activity sales metrics**

Activity sales metrics measure the performance and behaviours. Some important sales activity metrics to track include:

Calls made
Meetings booked
Events attended
Leads created
Social media connections



https://www.ringcentral.com/us/en/blog/sal es-metrics-small-business/



#### **Conversion metrics**

Conversion metrics track how quickly and efficiently you close deals. Here are some examples:



- Revenue made per customer
- Average number of orders per month
- Customer lifetime value
- Customer loss rate
- Cost-to-serve: The cost of providing service to a customer or client
- The average spent for each new customer

https://www.ringcentral.com/us/en/blog/sal es-metrics-small-business/



#### **Lead generation metrics**

Marketing links to sales so analysing your leadgeneration process helps track how well your marketing strategies are working.

There are lots of potential lead generation metrics to track, including:

Contact requests
Contacts added to database
Opportunity creations
Frequency of new opportunities



https://www.ringcentral.com/us/en/blog/sales-metrics-small-business/



Getting monitoring right can really be the catalyst to expanding your customer base and this will lead to the success of your social enterprise.

#### But it can feel overwhelming!

Tracking *any* aspect of your social enterprise though will let you know how you are doing, and signal opportunities for improvement. So don't be afraid to start small.

Track a few of the most meaningful metrics, set a timeline and take it from there.



#### Why Is Tracking Sales Metrics Important?

By analysing sales metrics, you can evaluate what is and isn't working within your social enterprise. This will allow you to adapt and make changes as you grow.

Sales metrics can help you to make the right decisions about contracts, partners, suppliers and colleagues.

Data-driven evidence is easier to understand and provides a clearer less assumptive overview



#### But how do you do it?

CRM stands for Customer Relationship Management. The technology used to manage interactions with customers and potential customers.

A CRM system helps build relationships and streamline processes, it can also improve customer service, increase profitability and help you keep trading. There are many free, low-cost and advanced sales tracking software available.

















The goal of a CRM system is simple: Improve business relationships to grow your business.

CRM tools help you manage customer relationships across the entire customer lifecycle, at every marketing, sales, and customer service interaction.















Watch this video about just one of the many CRM systems available that work for small businesses:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=llqE9S4LZT8





https://www.brightgauge.com/blog/underst anding-kpis-and-metrics

https://www.ringcentral.com/us/en/blog/sal
es-metrics-small-business/

https://www.salesforce.com/uk/learningcentre/crm/what-is-crm

